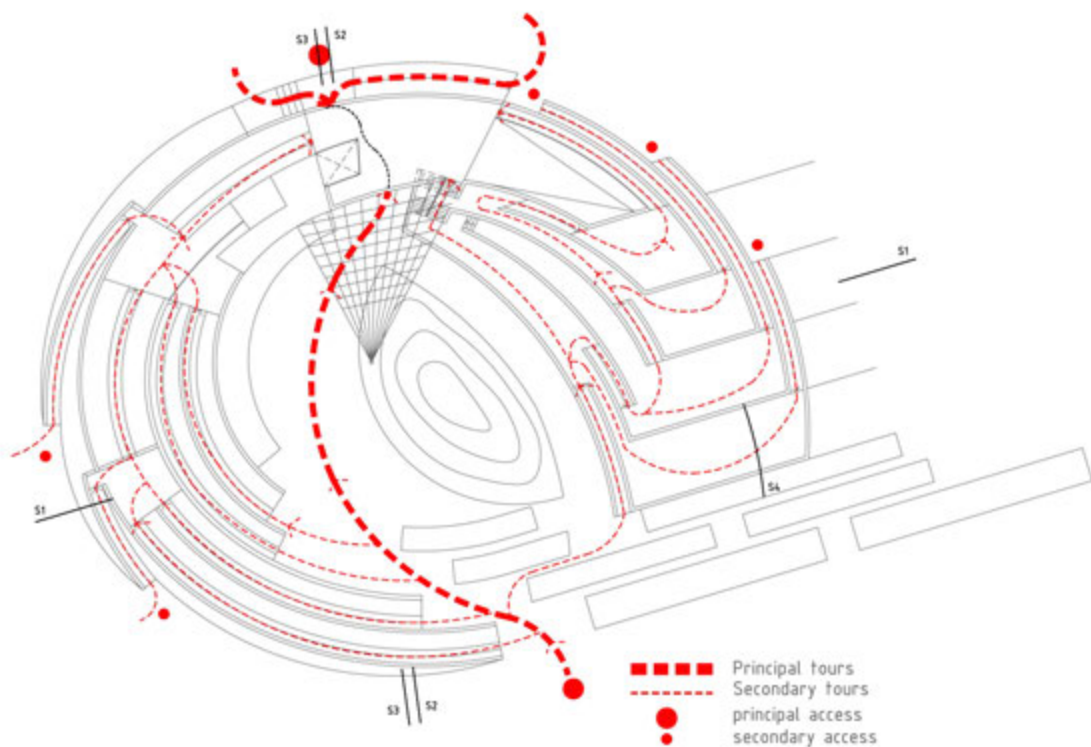


White gabion walls

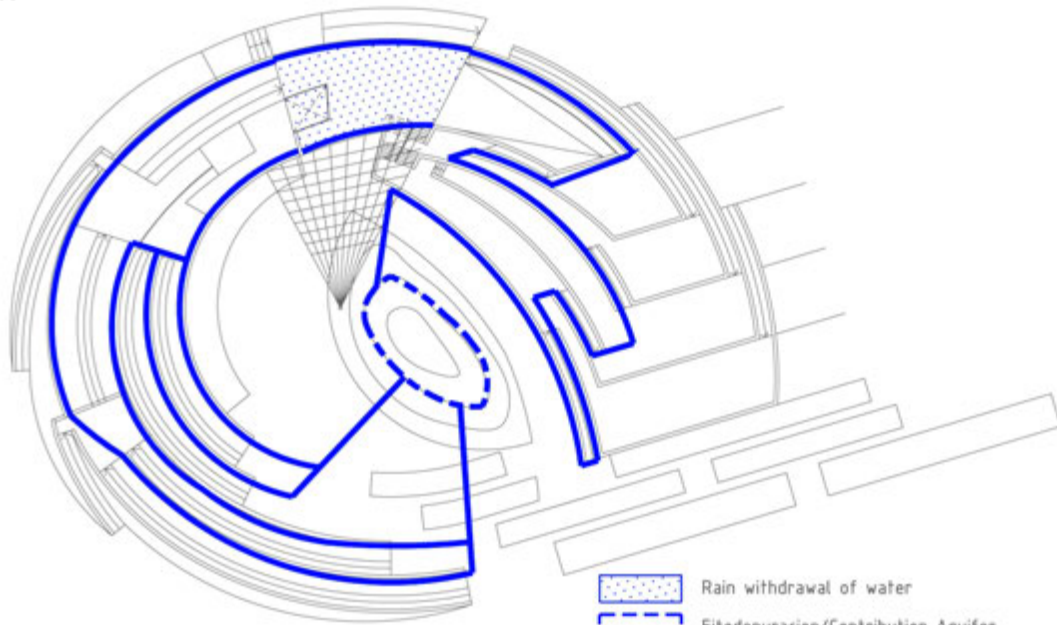
Vegetated banks




GABIONS WALLS - SLOPES



Principal tours  
Secondary tours  
principal access  
secondary access

# PATH



-  Rain withdrawal of water
-  Fitodepuracion/Contribution Aquifer
-  Irrigation for gravity

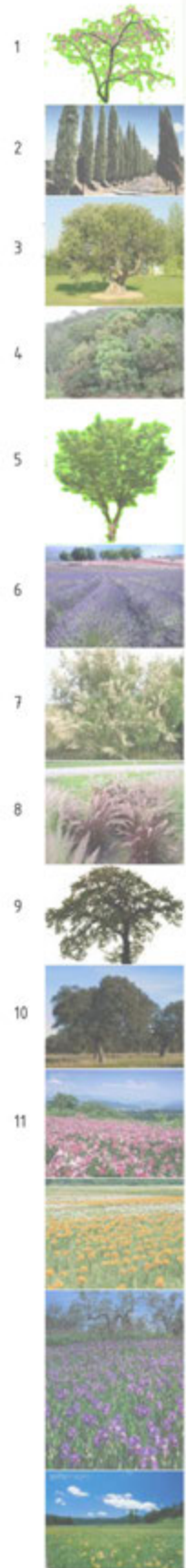
# WATER

Water is omnipresent in the site however, in this case, it is restricted demonstrating the use water is given in a Mediterranean context.

The channels in which the water will flow will, at turn, act as catalysts, moderating the heavy rains in the area and avoiding the need to build complex drainage systems. A lower level will host a 1.50m depression as a means of a large drain.

The soil is left fallow so that water fall does not cause erosion in the field.

The permeability of the introduced substrates will be eased to favor the water flow and drainage and prevent the ponding of the plants' roots, which are characteristic of drier climates.



- 1 PRUNUS DULCIS
- 2 CUPRESSUS SEMPERVIRENS
- 3 OLEA EUROPAEA
- 4 QUERCUS COCCIFERA
- 5 SALIX CINEREA
- 6 LAVANDULA ANGUSTIFOLIA
- 7 TAMARIX GALLICA
- 8 PENNISETUM ssp
- 9 VIBURNUM TINUS
- 10 QUERCUS ILEX
- 11 IRIS sp DIFFERENT SPECIES
- 12 VITIS VINIFERA (PERGOLA)

